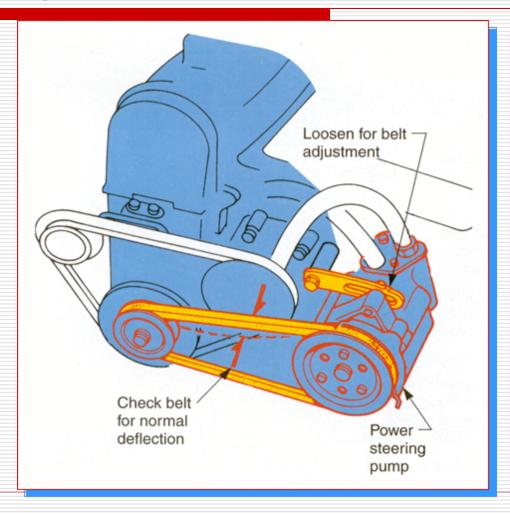
Mid-Term Review

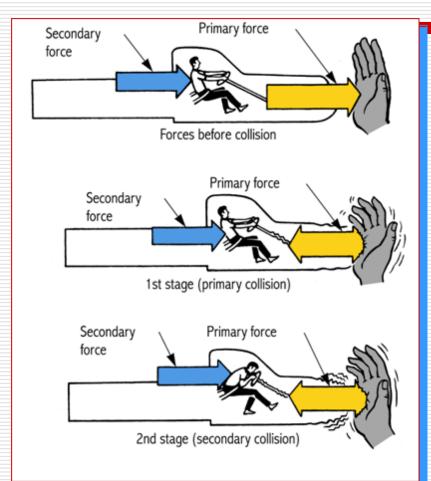
- Toe-In / Toe-out can be adjusted by changing the length of the tie rod.
- Radial runout includes, out of round wheel hub, miss-centered wheel lug bolts, and variations in tire sidewall stiffness.
- Front wheel shimmy can be caused by dynamic imbalance and/or a bent wheel hub.

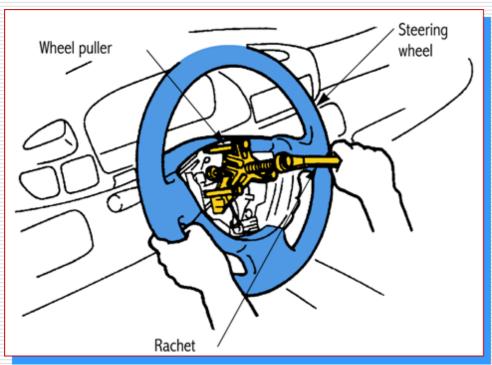
- Hard steering can be caused by low tire pressure and/or incorrect steering gear mesh preload.
- A power steering belt does not have to be replace if the belt tension is incorrect.
- Replace the power steering belt if it is glazed.

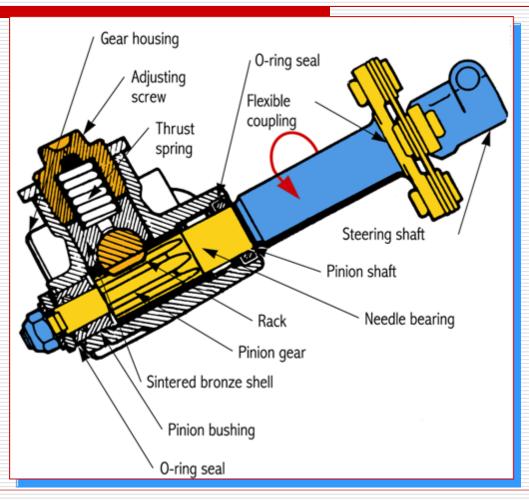


- If a car does not recover well from turns the steering shaft bearings may be loose and/or wheels may be out of alignment.
- Unequal tire inflation can cause pulling to one side during straight ahead driving.
- Straighten (center) the steering linkage and wheels before removing the steering wheel.

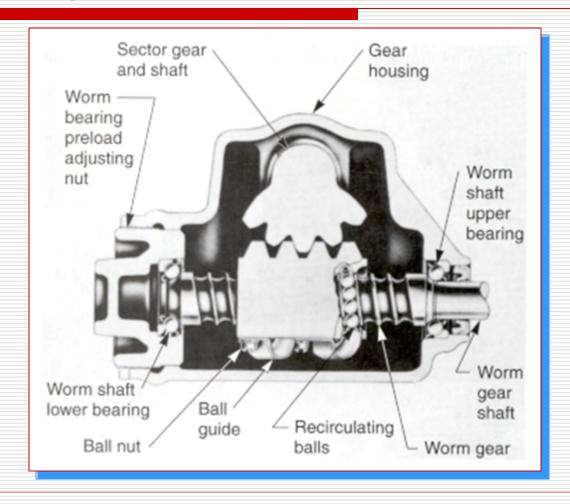
- Always use a puller to remove a steering wheel from the shaft.
- Always inspect the steering column if a car has been in a collision.
- A rack and pinion steering gear may have an adjusting screw or adjustment shims to adjust steering gear preload.



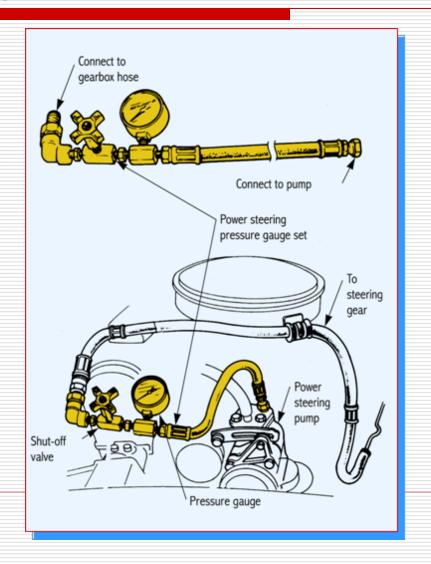




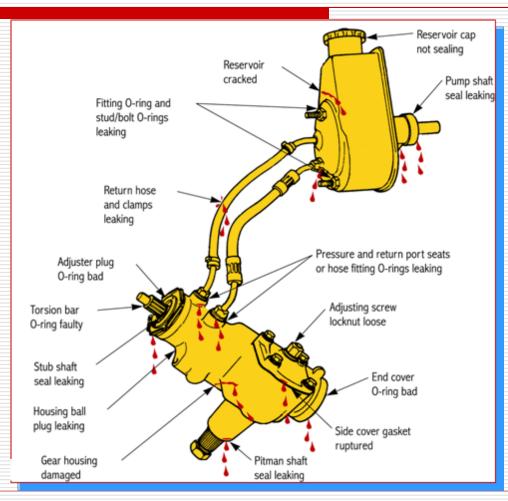
- Disconnect the steering shaft from the pinion shaft when removing a manual rack and pinion steering gear.
- When servicing a manual recirculating ball steering gear rotate the worm gear shaft in the ball nut to check for smooth operation.
- □ Top-off the P/S fluid reservoir when bleeding the power steering system if it gets low.



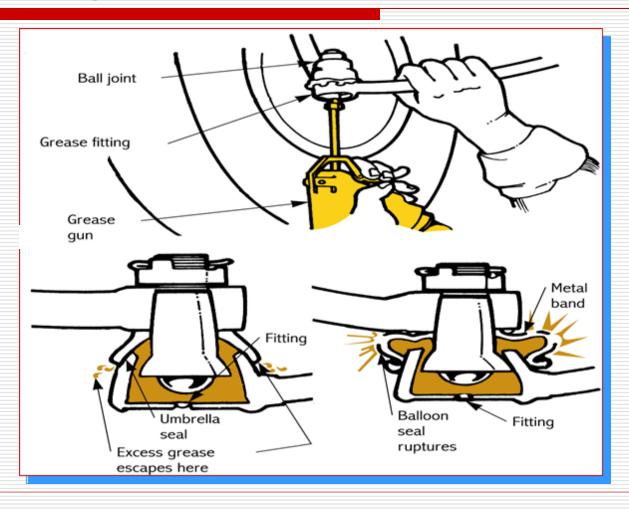
- When replacing power steering system hoses align marks on flare fittings before tightening.
- Install a pressure gauge between the pump outlet and pressure hose to pressure test a power steering system.

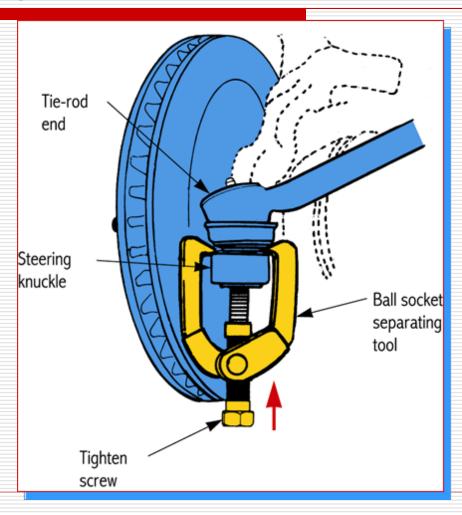


- ☐ If a system pressure check shows pressure is lower than specified, check the hydraulic system for leaks and pressure test the pump & steering gear.
- Adjust belt tension if a power steering pump drive belt deflects 1 inch (25 mm) under moderate pressure.



- Replace grease plugs with grease fittings.
- Never use high (shop pressure) when greasing lube fittings.
- Using a special puller instead of "pickle fork" to prevent damage to ball joints or steering linkage during disassembly.





- Shock absorbers are worn if a vehicle keeps bouncing three more times after bouncing the front or rear end.
- Worn suspension springs probably cause low ride height.
- If suspension bump stops are damaged the suspension is probably bottoming out due to worn shocks and springs.

- Incorrect tire inflation can cause hard steering.
- When rotating directional tires move the front wheels straight back and the rear wheels straight forward.
- When balancing steel wheels never add more than 6 oz (170g) total weight to each wheel.

- Place the tip of a dial indicator against the wheel flange to check lateral wheel runout.
- Incorrect dynamic balance causes wobble (up and down vibration).

